# Transvaginal Electronic Convex Sector Scanner ASU-1003 Instruction Manual MN1-5008 Rev.8



### Introduction

This is an instruction for model ASU-1003, an ultrasound scanner.

Read the manual carefully before using the equipment. Take special note of the items in section 1 "Safety Precautions".

Keep this manual securely for future reference.

The CE mark on the scanner indicates that this scanner is valid when it is connected to the ultrasound diagnostic instrument bearing the CE mark that is specified as available in section 2 of this document. Therefore, if a scanner bearing the CE mark is connected to the ultrasound diagnostic instrument in that is specified as available but does not have a CE mark, part of this instruction manual may not apply.

### Symbols used in this document

The terms below are used in the safety information provided to prevent hazards and injuries to the operator or patients. The severities of the hazard and injury that can occur when failing to observe the displayed safety information are indicated in four levels: "Danger","Warning","Caution" and "Note".

# ⚠ Danger

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury to the operator or patient.

# **A** Warning

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury to the operator or patient.

# **⚠** Caution

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury to the operator or patient, or property damage only.

# ⚠ Note

Indicates a strong request concerning an item that must be observed in order to prevent damage or deterioration of the equipment and also to ensure that it is used efficiently.

The type of safety information is indicated by the symbols below.

! This symbol means attention is required.

This symbol means that the described action is prohibited.

This symbol means the described action is mandatory.

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# 1. Safety Precautions

### 1-1. Intended use

This scanner is intended for use by a doctor or other qualified operator for inserting to a human vagina and making ultrasonic observations of the uterus and surrounding organs.

### 

Do not use this equipment for other than its intended purpose.

Use for other purposes can cause burns or other injuries to the patient or operator.

### 1-2. Usage precautions

The terms below are used in the safety information provided to prevent hazards and injuries to the operator or patients. The severities of the hazard and injury that can occur when failing to observe the displayed safety information are indicated in four levels: "Danger","Warning","Caution" and "Note".

# 

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury to the operator or patient.

# **⚠** Warning

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury to the operator or patient.

# **A** Caution

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury to the operator or patient, or property damage only.

### ⚠ Note

Indicates a strong request concerning an item that must be observed in order to prevent damage or deterioration of the equipment and also to ensure that it is used efficiently.

The type of safety information is indicated by the symbols below.

!\ This symbol means attention is required.

This symbol means that the described action is prohibited.

This symbol means the described action is mandatory.

### 1-2-1. Warnings and safety information

# **⚠** Warning

Follow t

Follow the information in this manual and the documentation supplied with any equipment used together with this scanner.

Use that is not in accordance with the supplied documentation can result in a serious or moderate injury, equipment breakdown, or physical damage that impairs operation.

Be sure to preparations for use.

Use the scanner without noticing an abnormal condition can result in injury to the operator or patient. If any abnormalities are noted on the scanner in the start up check, immediately stop use the scanner and contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover. See section 3-1 "Start up check".

Do not use on the eyes.

This scanner is not interest.

This scanner is not intended for use on the eyes. The acoustic output can have an adverse effect on the eyes.

Do not attempt to disassemble, modify, or repair the scanner.

Electric shock or other unforeseen accidents could result. Contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover to request repair.

Clean, disinfect and sterilize before using the scanner as necessary. Perform properly wash, disinfect and sterilize after use.

Otherwise, there is a risk of infection. Note that the scanner is not sterilized at the factory. Before using the scanner first, be sure to wash, disinfect and sterilize it as required.

- Wear medical gloves during examination.
  Conducting examinations with the bare hands can expose the operator to a risk of infection.
- Dispose of scanners used for patients with Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease.

  Otherwise, there is a risk of infection to the operator or patient. Currently, there are no methods for washing, disinfecting and sterilizing scanners which have been used on patients afflicted by Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease.
- When using ultrasound contrast agent, follow the supplied documentation.

  Unexpected accidents could result. Check the state of the patient and take appropriate precautions to avoid side effects.
- Do not use the scanner fallen on to floor.

  Otherwise, there is a risk of infection. Stop the operation and perform the procedure in section 8

  "Periodic Inspection", section 5 "Washing, Disinfection and Sterilization" and section 3-1 "Start up check".

### ♠ Caution

- Constantly check for anything abnormal about the patient's condition and scanner.

  Continued use without noticing that an abnormal condition has occurred can result in an electric shock and injury to the operator or patient. If an abnormal condition occurs, immediately move the scanner away from the patient and stop use of the scanner.
- The scanner is vulnerable to damage by impact. Therefore, handle it with care.

  There is a risk of damage to the scanner when the scanner is fallen or hit somewhere.
- O not use this scanner with other equipment except for those specifically approved in the manual. Use with unapproved equipment can result in an electric shock, burn, or other injury to the patient or operator and damage to the scanner and the other equipment.

# **↑** Caution

Scan for the minimum length of time necessary for the diagnosis and at the lowest suitable output.

Overuse can adversely affect the internal tissues of the patient.

For details about the acoustic output, please refer to the documentation supplied with the ultrasound

diagnostic instrument.

Regularly perform maintenance of the equipment specified in this manual.

Long-term use of the equipment, could reduce the performance, or cause smoke or fire.

If finds any abnormal condition, immediately stop use the equipment and contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.

Use, move and transport the scanner under the environmental conditions specified in this manual. Otherwise, it may be damaged.

See section 2-5 "Environmental conditions" and section 7-4 "Environmental conditions during transportation".

### 1-2-2. Option usage precautions

# **A** Warning

• Use by covering the rubber boot over the insertion portion.

If the rubber boot is not used, residual pathogens on the scanner could infect the patient.

Use Aloka-approved rubber boots only.

Use of an item lacking biocompatibility can cause an adverse reaction by the body of the patient.

• Check that the rubber boot is sterilized.

Use of an infected item could spread infection to the patient.

On not reuse the rubber boot.

Use of an infected item could spread infection to the patient.

Do not apply unsterilized acoustic medium to the outer surface of the rubber boot.

Use of an acoustic medium that is contaminated by a pathogen can cause an infection on the

patient.

Do not use on patients who may have an allergic reaction to latex products.

Use of the rubber boot for these types of patients could result in anaphylactic shock. Ask the patient about allergy history beforehand.

### **♠** Caution

A

Check the rubber boot for abnormalities before use.

Store the rubber boots in a cool, dry location not exposed to direct sunlight and do not use rubber boots that have exceeded their expiration date (for items where the expiration date is not displayed; 2 years from the displayed sterilization date) or severe discoloration, cracks, or other visible defects finds.

Check that the acoustic medium has no air bubbles inside the rubber boot that is covering the

Air bubbles inside the rubber boot can result in misdiagnosis caused by overlooking or misinterpreting lesions due to poor image quality or improper rendering.

### 1-2-3. Washing, disinfection and sterilization precautions

# **Warning**

Wear protective gloves and other protective gear during washing, disinfection and sterilization. Handling of the scanner with bare hands before disinfection or sterilization can result in an infection.

After soaking in cleaning agents, thoroughly wash the scanner with running water.

Residual cleaning agents can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

After chemical disinfection and sterilization, thoroughly wash the scanner with sterilized water. Residual chemicals can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

Perform aeration completely after gas disinfection.
Residual gas can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

Do not wash, disinfect or sterilize using procedures other than those specified in this manual. Infection could result due to incomplete washing disinfection or sterilization. It can also result in damage to the scanner or reduced performance. Using the damaged scanner has occurred can result in an electric shock and injury to the operator or patient.

The probe cannot withstand autoclave sterilization or boiling and other types of sterilization at temperatures exceeding 60°C (140°F).

For details on the usage conditions of chemicals and sterilization procedures, refer to the documentation supplied with the respective chemical or sterilization equipment.

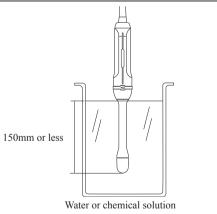
Infection could result due to incomplete disinfection or sterilization.

This could also cause deterioration of the scanner

### **!** Caution

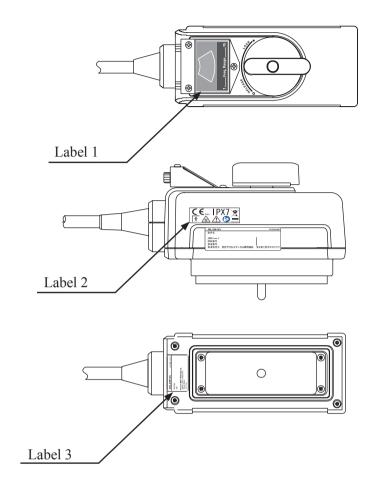
Do not place the insertion portion and handle in any liquids beyond the range shown in the figure right.

The connector which liquid has intruded can cause the malfunction of the probe and the ultrasound diagnostic instrument. In this case immediately stop use and contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.

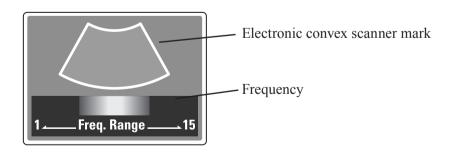


# 1-2-4. Labels

# (1) Scanner unit



Label 1



### Label 2





This equipment complies with Directive 93/42/EEC relating to Medical Device.



IPX7 mark See section 2-2, "Specifications".



Type BF applied part



Do not waste the equipment as general waste. Comply with a local regulation. See section 10.



Safety warning sign



Biohazard See section 5.



P-1212V-1

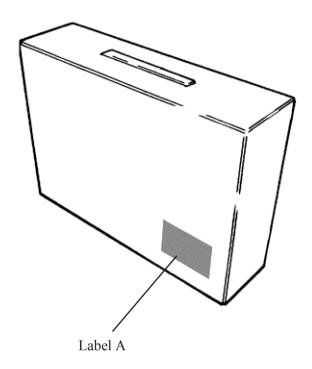
Follow the instruction manual to operate this equipment. If not avoided, may result in injury, property damage, or the equipment trouble.

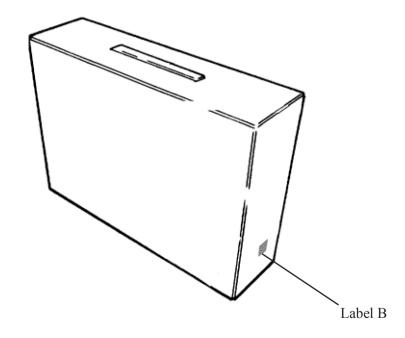
### Label 3



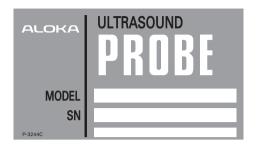
Manufacturer Model, Serial No.

# (2) Storage case





### Label A



Model Serial No.

### Label B





This equipment complies with Directive 93/42/EEC relating to Medical Device.



DATE OF MANUFACTURE (in case of 2012)



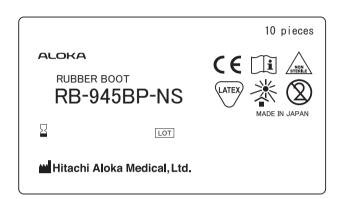
MANUFACTURER

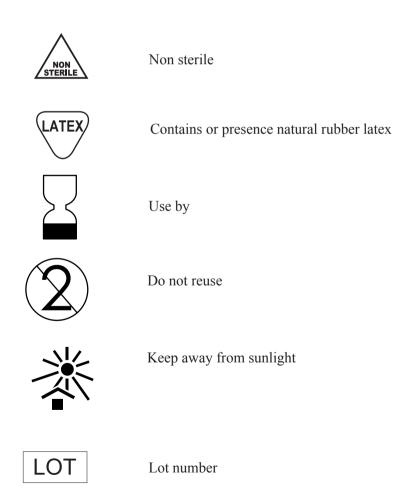
### (3) rubber boot

Label for 1 piece



Label for 10 pieces





# 2. Specifications and Parts name

### 2-1. Principles of operation

This scanner and the ultrasound diagnostic instrument enable image diagnosis using ultrasonic waves. These equipments operate under the principles described below.

- (1) When an electric pulse signal is applied from the transmitter to the transducer of the scanner, the transducer operates by converting electrical vibrations to mechanical vibration energy for emitting pulse-shaped ultrasonic waves into the body part contacting the transducer or into liquid or other medium.
- (2) The emitted ultrasonic waves are reflected by boundaries with different acoustic characteristics (acoustic impedance) within the body.
- (3) The transducer is also used to receive reflected ultrasonic waves. The transducer vibrates mechanically due to the received ultrasonic vibrations and uses an electro-mechanical conversion operation to convert the received mechanical vibrations to electric energy. The received echo is also converted to electric signals and a brightness modulation operation is used to convert the electric pulses to shades of brightness for forming an image.
- (4) The transducer is moved mechanically to enable changing of the scanning surface for sliced images.

### 2-2. Specifications

Application regions: Obstetric and gynecological areas

Form of application to patient: Transvaginal

Connectable instruments: SSD-1000, SSD-3500, SSD-4000

Electronic scan field of view: 160 °
Mechanical scan field of view: 90 °
Frequency: 6.0MHz
Cable length: 2.0 m
Weight: 1,350 g
Service life: Three years

Range of applied part:

Parts treated as applied parts:

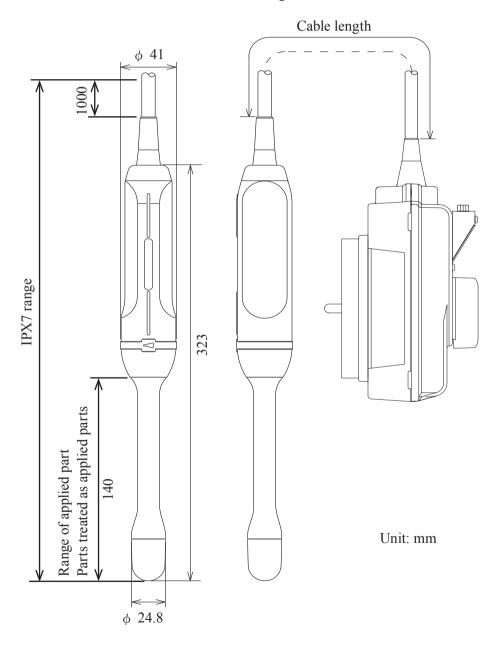
IPX7 range:

External dimensions:

As shown in the figure below.

As shown in the figure below.

As shown in the figure below.



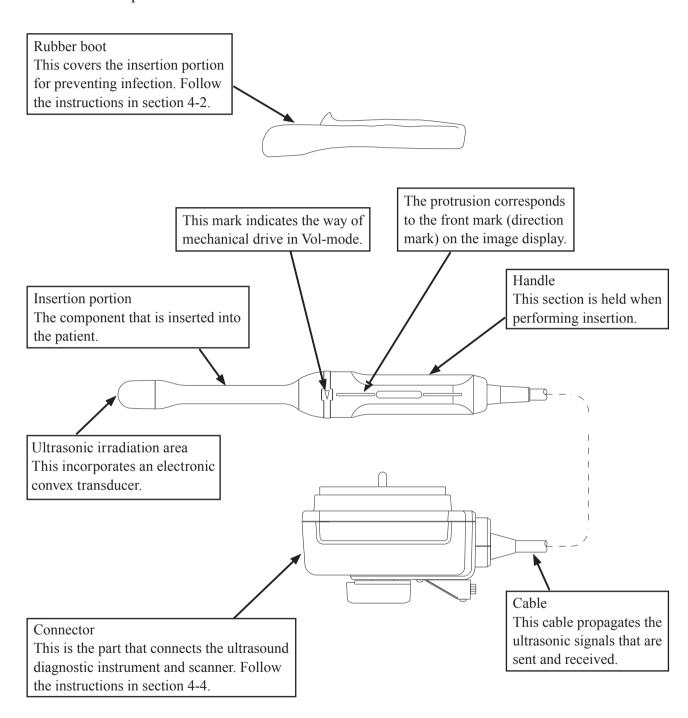
Remarks

The dimensions and weight are within  $\pm 10\%$  of the indicated values.

### 2-3. Performance

For measurement tolerances, operating tolerances and other data, refer to the instruction manual for the ultrasound diagnostic instrument.

### 2-4. Names of each parts



### **!** Caution

O not pull, bend, twist, or apply excessive force to the cable.

The conductors may break and the cable may become unusable.

O not subject the ultrasonic irradiation area to hard impact.
This could make the scanner unusable.

### 2-5. Environmental conditions

Use and store the scanner under the following conditions.

### 2-5-1. Operating environmental conditions

Ambient temperature: 15°C to 40°C

59°F to 104°F

Relative humidity: 30% to 75%

Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa to 1060 hPa Altitude: 3,000 m or less

### 2-5-2. Storage environmental conditions

Ambient temperature: 0°C to 50°C

32°F to 122°F

Relative humidity: 10% to 90%

Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa to 1060 hPa

### ♠ Caution



Avoid operating or storing the scanner in the following locations.

- Locations exposed to water or other liquids
- Locations subject to adverse conditions such as air pressure, temperature, humidity, ventilation, direct sunlight, dust, or air containing salt, sulfur, or other corrosive substances
- Locations where chemical substances are stored or where gases are generated

Storage in these locations can result in a breakdown or reduced performance.



Avoid rapid temperature change which may cause condensation. Avoid using in locations where condensation or water droplets can form.

Condensation can occur when moving the scanner from a cool location to a warm one. Use when condensation has occurred can result in a breakdown or reduced performance.

### 2-6. Classification of ME equipment

- Classification based on degree of protection against electric shock. Type BF applied Part

For the range of applied parts, parts treated as applied parts and the range of IPX7, see section 2-2.

# 3. Preparations for Use

### 3-1. Start up check

### 3-1-1. Visual check

Visually check the insertion portion, handle, cable and connector.

If any holes, indentations, abrasion, cracks, deformation, looseness, discoloration, or other abnormalities are found, do not use the equipment.

### 3-1-2. Verification of washing, disinfection and sterilization

Verify that washing, disinfection and sterilization are conducted according to the intended use.

### 3-1-3. Verification of operation

Connect to the ultrasound diagnostic instrument by following the instructions in section 4-4 "Connecting to the ultrasound diagnostic instrument" and check that the selected scanner match the convex display and the displayed frequency and check the image for errors.

Verify that there are no abnormal vibrations or noise.

### Remarks

For details on the displayed screens, see the documentation supplied with the ultrasound diagnostic instrument.

# **⚠** Warning



Be sure to preparations for use.

Using the scanner without noticing an abnormal condition can result in injury to the operator or patient. If an inspection finds an abnormal condition in the scanner, immediately stop use and contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.

### **A** Caution



Do not use the scanner, if displayed image shape or frequency is not match with selected scanner. An incorrect acoustic output can result in burns or other injuries to the patient. Contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.

### 4. Usage

### 4-1. Operation

Check that the rubber boot is mounted and insert into the vaginal cavity. An image of the region of interest is displayed on the monitor of the ultrasound diagnostic instrument. For details on displaying and adjusting the screens, see the documentation supplied with the ultrasound diagnostic instrument.

# 



Do not move the scanner with excessive force.

Pressing with more force than necessary can cause injury to the patient.



Scan for the minimum length of time necessary for the diagnosis and at the lowest suitable output. There is the possibility that the patient's internal tissues could be affected.

For details about the acoustic output, please refer to the documentation supplied with the ultrasound diagnostic instrument.



Do not touch the connector terminal pin of the scanner.

The scanner may deteriorate or be damaged due to electrostatic discharge.



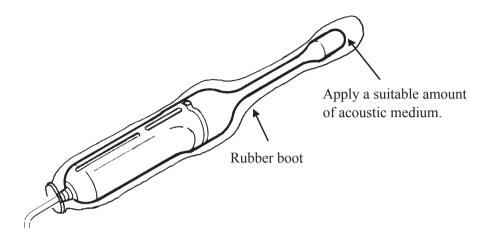
Do not touch the electronic scanner connecting socket of the diagnostic instrument and the patient at the same time.

It can cause electric shock to the patient.

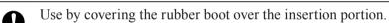
### 4-2. Mounting of rubber boot

Apply a suitable amount of acoustic medium to the ultrasonic irradiation area of the scanner and then cover it with the rubber boot.

Remove the air bubbles or wrinkles form on the ultrasonic irradiation area of the scanner.



# **⚠** Warning



If the rubber boot is not used, residual pathogens on the scanner could infect the patient. Also, the puncture guide tube could become loose during puncturing, resulting in puncturing of an unintended body part.

- Use Aloka-approved rubber boots only.
  Use of an item lacking biocompatibility can cause an adverse reaction by the body of the patient.
- Check that the rubber boot is sterilized.
  Use of an infected item could spread infection to the patient.
- Do not reuse the rubber boot.

  Use of an infected item could spread infection to the patient.
- O not apply unsterilized acoustic medium to the outer surface of the rubber boot.

  Use of an acoustic medium that is contaminated by a pathogen can cause an infection on the patient.
- Do not use on patients who may have an allergic reaction to latex products.

  Use of the rubber boot for these types of patients could result in anaphylactic shock. Ask the patient about allergy history beforehand.

### **A** Caution

• Check the rubber boot for abnormalities before use.

Store the rubber boots in a cool, dry location not exposed to direct sunlight and do not use rubber boots that have exceeded their expiration date (for items where the expiration date is not displayed, 2 years from the displayed sterilization date) or severe discoloration, cracks, or other visible defects finds

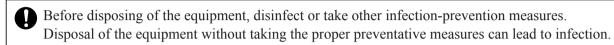
Check that the acoustic medium has no air bubbles inside the rubber boot that is covering the scanner.

Air bubbles inside the rubber boot can result in misdiagnosis caused by overlooking or misinterpreting lesions due to poor image quality or improper rendering.

### 4-3. Removal of rubber boot

- 1. Rubber boots wrapped in tissue paper and removed from the scanner.
- 2. Dispose of used tissue paper and rubber boots using infection prevention procedures based on the rules of your facility.

# **!** Caution



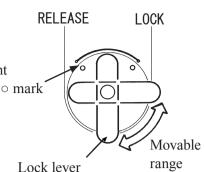
After remove the equipment from the patient, check for anything abnormal about the rubber boot. If the rubber boot stay inside of the patient's body, the rubber boot can cause injury to the patient. When the rubber boot stay inside of the patient's body, perform the required medical treatment.

### 4-4. Connecting to the ultrasound diagnostic instrument

The lock lever of the connector moves over the range shown in the figure at right.

Align the  $\circ$  mark with the LOCK or RELEASE position and lock or release the electronic probe connecting socket of the diagnostic instrument ( probe connector ).  $\circ$ 

Connect the scanner to the probe connector by following the procedure below.



### Connection procedure

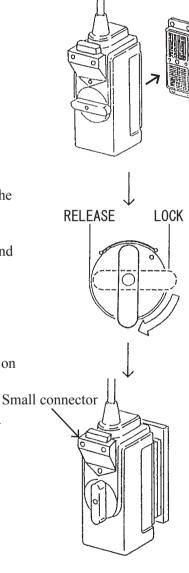
The scanner is connected when in one of the following states.

- The power switch is set to OFF.
- The image displayed on the ultrasound diagnostic instrument is frozen.

Before inserting the scanner into the probe connector, check that the connector pins are not bent.

- 1. Turn the connector lock lever to align the mark on the lever with the RELEASE position.
- 2. Firmly insert the connector into the probe connector on the ultrasound diagnostic instrument.
- 3. Turn the lock lever clockwise by 1/4 turn until the mark is aligned with the LOCK position.
- 4. Check that the connector is firmly inserted into the probe connector on the instrument.
- 5. Connect the cable for driving to the upper part of the connector box.

This completes connection of the scanner.



### 



If there is resistance when trying to turn the lock lever when connecting the connector, do not forcibly try to connect it. Instead, correctly perform the steps for connecting the connector and firmly insert it into the probe connector.

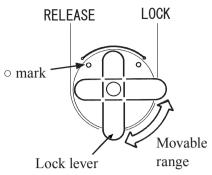
Forcibly turning the lever may damage the connector and the probe connector.

### 4-5. Removing from the ultrasound diagnostic instrument

The lock lever of the connector moves over the range shown in the figure at right.

Align the  $\circ$  mark with the LOCK or RELEASE position and lock or release the probe connector.

Use the procedure below to remove the scanner from the probe connector.



Small connector

### Removal procedure

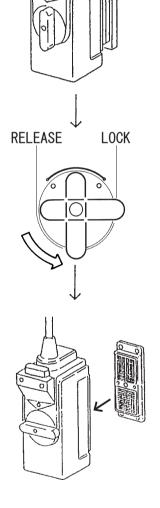
The scanner is removed when in one of the following states.

- The power switch is set to OFF.
- The image displayed on the ultrasound diagnostic instrument is frozen.
- 1. Remove the cable for driving to the upper part of the connector box.
- 2. Turn the connector lock lever to align the o mark on the lever with the RELEASE position.
- 3. Firmly grasp the connector unit and pull it out from the probe connector of the ultrasound diagnostic instrument.

This completes the removal of the scanner.

After use, perform washing, disinfection and sterilization of the scanner by following the procedure in section 5 "Washing, Disinfection and Sterilization".

If the scanner will not be used for an extended period of time, store it by following the instructions in section 6 "Storage".



### 4-6. Actions to be taken when an abnormal state is detected

### 4-6-1. Ensuring safety of patients

Immediately move the scanner away from the patient and quit operation.

Keep the patient in safe condition and administer the required medical treatment.

### 4-6-2. Handling the ultrasound instrument

Turn off the ultrasound diagnostic instrument, remove its plug from the AC socket and sterilize if it is contaminated. For details, refer to the instruction manual for the ultrasound diagnostic instrument.

# **⚠** Caution



Do not use the equipment where a problem has been found.

If used the equipment in an abnormal condition, there is injury to the patient. Contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.

# 5. Washing, Disinfection and Sterilization

# **Warning**

Wear protective gloves and other protective gear during washing, disinfection and sterilization. Handling of the scanner with bare hands before disinfection or sterilization can result in an infection.

After soaking in cleaning agents, thoroughly wash the scanner with running water.

Residual cleaning agents can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

After chemical disinfection and sterilization, thoroughly wash the scanner with sterilized water. Residual chemicals can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

Perform aeration completely after gas disinfection.

Residual gas can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

Do not wash, disinfect or sterilize using procedures other than those specified in this manual.

Infection could result due to incomplete washing disinfection or sterilization. It can also result in damage to the scanner or reduced performance. Using the damaged scanner has occurred can result in an electric shock and injury to the operator or patient.

The probe connet withstand outcolors sterilization or beiling and other types of sterilization at

The probe cannot withstand autoclave sterilization or boiling and other types of sterilization at temperatures exceeding 60°C (140°F).

For details on the usage conditions of chemicals and sterilization procedures, refer to the documentation supplied with the respective chemical or sterilization equipment.

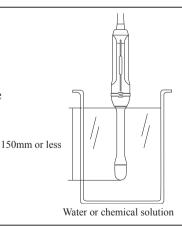
Infection could result due to incomplete disinfection or sterilization.

This could also cause deterioration of the scanner.

### **!** Caution

Do not place the insertion portion and handle in any liquids beyond the range shown in the figure right.

The connector which liquid has intruded can cause the malfunction of the probe and the ultrasound diagnostic instrument. In this case immediately stop use and contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.



### 5-1. Washing

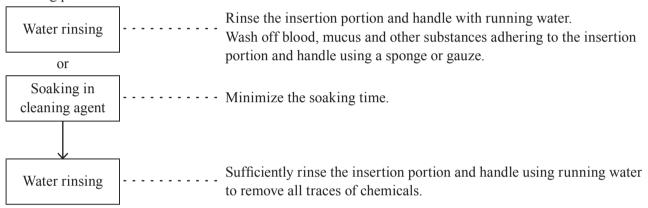
Wash the insertion portion and handle immediately after use with water or soak in a cleaning agent. Washing before disinfection and sterilization is very important.

### 5-1-1. Insertion portion and handle

### Applicable cleaning agents

General name	Trade name	Manufacturer
Enzyme cleaning agent	ENZOL <sup>TM</sup> Practical liquid 0.8V/V%	ADVANCED STERILIZATION PRODUCTS <sup>®</sup> A Johnson & Johnson company Division of Ethicon, Inc.

### Washing procedure



# **Warning**



After soaking in cleaning agents, thoroughly wash the scanner with running water.

Residual cleaning agents can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

### 5-1-2. Cable and connector

Gently wipe the cable with gauze dipped in ethyl alcohol or water each divided into approximately 20 cm and dry.

Gently clean the connector and other parts of the scanner that must not be soaked in liquid with gauze dipped in ethyl alcohol and dry.

# ⚠ Note

Wiping the entire length of the cable at once can result in wrinkled surface.

If this occurs, pull the wrinkled part in the opposite direction to undo it.

### 5-2. Disinfection

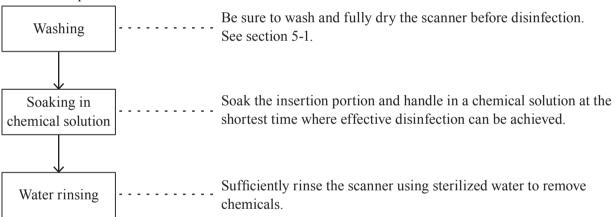
Either chemical disinfection or gas disinfection is performed as necessary.

### 5-2-1. Chemical disinfection

### Applicable chemicals

General name	Trade name	Manufacturer
Glutaral	CIDEX <sup>TM</sup> Solution 2.4%	ADVANCED STERILIZATION PRODUCTS®
Ortho-phthalaldehyde	CIDEX OPA <sup>TM</sup> Solution 0.55%	A Johnson & Johnson company Division of Ethicon, Inc.
Glutaral	STERIHYDE™ Practical liquid 2W/V%	Maruishi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
Benzalkonium chloride	DETERGICIDE <sup>TM</sup> Practical liquid 0.2W/V%	Yufu Itonaga Co., Ltd.
Benzethonium chloride	HYAMINE <sup>TM</sup> Practical liquid 0.1W/V%	DAIICHI SANKYO Co., Ltd.

### Disinfection procedure



### Remarks

Soaking the insertion portion and handle in CIDEX OPA<sup>TM</sup> solution 0.55% may result in discoloration of the silicone, but this does not affect performance or safety.

# 

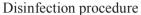


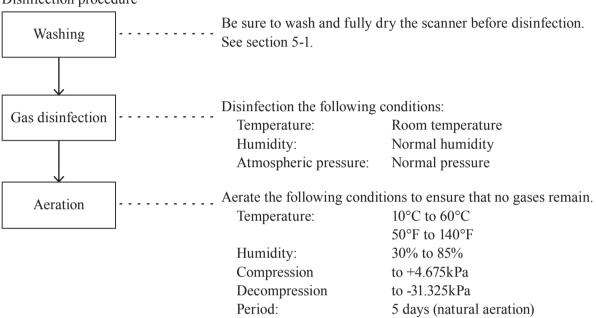
After chemical disinfection, thoroughly wash the scanner with sterilized water. Residual chemicals can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

### 5-2-2. Gas disinfection

### Applicable gases

General name	Trade name	Manufacturer
Formalin gas	F. gen (14% formaldehyde)	Aso Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.





# **⚠** Warning



Perform full aeration after gas disinfection.

Residual gas can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

### 5-3. Sterilization

Perform Liquid sterilization as necessary.

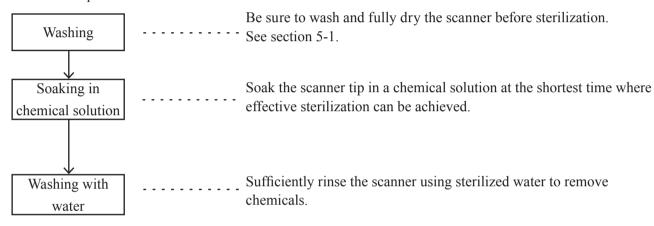
### 5-3-1. Liquid sterilization

### Applicable chemicals

\* Except Canada

General name	Trade name	Manufacturer
Hydrogen peroxide	PERASAFE <sup>TM *</sup> Practical liquid 1.62W/V%	ANTEC INTERNATIONAL

### Sterilization procedure



# **⚠** Warning



After chemical sterilization, thoroughly wash the scanner with sterilized water. Residual chemicals can cause an adverse reaction on the bodies of the operator or patient.

# 6. Storage

# 6-1. Actions before storing the scanner

When the scanner will not be used for an extended period, perform the procedures described in section 5 "Washing, Disinfection and Sterilization" and then store it in its storage case.

### 6-2. Environmental conditions for storage

For details about the storage environmental conditions, see section 2-5-2 "Storage environmental conditions".

# 7. Moving and Transporting

### 7-1. Moving and transporting

In this section, *moving* refers to "carrying of the scanner within a facility" and *transporting* refers to "transferring using a vehicle or sending the scanner for repairs".

### 7-2. Preparing the scanner for moving

Store in the storage case after performing the procedure in section 5 "Washing, Disinfection and Sterilization".

### 7-3. Packing for transportation

Store in the storage case after performing the procedure in section 5 "Washing, Disinfection and Sterilization" and then put the storage case in a cardboard box for additional protection.

### 7-4. Environmental conditions during transportation

Ambient temperature: 0°C to 50°C

32°F to 122°F

Relative humidity: 10% to 90%

Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa to 1060 hPa

### ⚠ Note

The scanner is precision equipment and is vulnerable to physical impact. Protect it by packing it properly for transportation.

Contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover when transporting the scanner.

# 8. Periodic Inspection

### 8-1. Safety tests

The safety tests should be conducted at least once a year by a qualified technician. The test record should be stored for future reference.

### Remarks 1

Qualified technician: personnel for conducting safety tests of medical electrical equipment.

If the user requires an appropriate qualified technician, Aloka trained service personnel can conduct a test at the user's expense. Contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.

### Remarks 2

Make a copy of the Safety Inspection Data Sheet provided in the instruction manual of the ultrasound diagnostic instrument. Use the sheet as a test record.

Procedure for periodic safety tests and judgment

- (1) Test of patient leakage current from the patient connection to earth
  - Using the measuring instruments which usable to the requirement of IEC 60601-1:2005, conduct the test as shown in Fig. 15 of IEC 60601-1:2005.
  - Soak the insertion portion and handle in saline solution and measure the leakage current between the applied part and earth.
  - Do not soak scanners in saline solution beyond the "IPX7 range" provided in section 2-2.
- (2) Test of patient leakage current caused by an external voltage on the patient connection of an F-type applied part.
  - Using the measuring instruments which usable to the requirement of IEC 60601-1:2005, conduct the test as shown in Fig. 16 of IEC 60601-1:2005.
  - Soak the insertion portion and handle in saline solution and measure the leakage current between the applied part and earth.

Do not soak scanners in saline solution beyond the "IPX7 range" provided in section 2-2.

Item	Normal condition	Single fault condition
(1) Patient leakage current from the patient connection to earth  DC  AC	10 μA or less 100 μA or less	50 μA or less 500 μA or less
(2) Patient leakage current caused by an external voltage on the patient connection of an F-type applied part		5000 μA or less

Table. Standard Values for Periodic Safety tests (Extract from IEC 60601-1:2005)

# **A** Warning



Perform a safety tests at least once a year and keep a record of the inspection results.

Failure to notice an abnormal condition while using the scanner can result in injury to the operator or patient. If an inspection finds an abnormal condition in the scanner, immediately stop use and contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.

### 8-2. Testing of measurement tolerances

Perform the measurements specified below using an ultrasonic phantom\* at least once per year. The test record should be stored for future reference.

- Sensitivity
- Resolution

### Remarks

Make a copy of the Measurement accuracy inspection data sheet provided in the instruction manual for the ultrasound diagnostic instrument. Use the sheet as a test record.

\* The ultrasonic phantom is made of a substance which is similar to human tissue in terms of its response to ultrasonic waves.

Regions with different textures and targets spaced at preset intervals are embedded in the phantom. Some phantoms contain a mechanism for Doppler measurement. The phantom is used to check the performance of the scanner and ultrasound diagnostic instrument, as well as to adjust the image settings.

### 8-2-1. Conducting tests

Some types of ultrasonic phantoms have targets with narrow gaps between them for confirming the resolution.

This enables to check the level of detail that images can be viewed on the display. For phantoms with no targets, the resolution determines the fineness of the displayed textures. The sensitivity can be determined by examining the luminance of ultrasonic images. Other factors that affect the resolution include the type of connected scanner, gain, focus and recording instrument. The specific testing conditions must be recorded in detail to enable proper comparison at the next inspection.

### 8-2-2. Result judgment

Compare the currently-obtained value with the value recorded at the last test. If there is a significant difference between the two values, the current value is considered to be abnormal.

It is important to note that the resolution varies depending on the type of ultrasonic phantom and phantoms generally deteriorate over time.

### **⚠** Caution



Do not use a scanner or ultrasound diagnostic instrument where a problem has been found. This can result in an incorrect diagnosis. Contact one of our offices and/or distributor's offices listed on the back cover.

# 9. Configuration

# 9-1. Standard configuration

Scanner	ASU-1003	1 set
Storage case	CB-UST1-P7	1 set
Instruction manual	MN1-5008	1 copy

# 9-2. Options

• Rubber boot RB-945BP-NS (unsterilized)

# 10. Disposal of the Device

Recycle or dispose of this equipment properly in compliance with the Waste Management and Public Cleansing Law.

### 



Before disposing of the equipment, disinfect or take other infection-prevention measures. Disposal of the equipment without taking the proper preventative measures can lead to infection.

# Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive

This products is a duty of the display of WEEE marking is imposed, into the European Union (EU).

If dispose this product in the EU member nation, should follow the law of each country or local legislation.





Distributor

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